

14 August 2024

Securities and Exchange Commission Secretariat Building, PICC Complex Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City, 1307

Attention: Mr. Vicente Graciano P. Felizmenio, Jr. Director, Markets & Securities Regulation Department

Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. 6th Floor PSE Tower 28th Street corner 5th Avenue BGC, Taguig City

> Attention: Atty. Stefanie Ann B. Go Officer-in-Charge, Disclosure Department

Subject: 2024 Quarterly Report – Second Quarter

Gentleman/Madame:

Please see attached Quarterly Report on the Consolidated Unaudited Financial Statements of Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corporation (AT) and its Subsidiaries as of the second quarter of 2024.

Very truly yours,

Atty. Axel G. Tumulak Asst. Compliance Officer

Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corporation

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended: 30 June 2024							
2.	Commission Identification No. PW0000115A							
3.	BIR Tax Identification No. 000-154-572							
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter:							
	ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOP	MENT CORPORATION						
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	n or organization: Philipp	oines					
6.	Industry Classification Code (SEC Use Only	<u> </u>						
7.	Address of registrant's principal office: 5F Five E-com Center, Palm Coast Avenue cor. F Mall of Asia Complex, Pasay City		Postal Code 1300					
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (632) 84030813 local 25001							
9.	Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report Not Applicable							
8.	Securities registered pursuant to Section 8 and 12 o	f the Code, or Sections 4	and 8 of the RSA					
	Title of each Class	Number of shares of constock outstanding and are of debt outstanding						
	Common Stock, PHP1.00 par value	3,559,532,774						
9.	Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exch	nange?						
	Yes [x] No []							
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and t	the class/es of securities I	isted therein:					
	Philippine Stock Exchange	Common Stock						
10.	Indicate by check whether the registrant:							
	(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a) Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the shorter period the registrant was required to file	-1 thereunder and Sectio e preceding twelve (12)	ns 26 and 141 of the					
	Yes [x] No []							
	(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for	the past 90 days.						

Yes [x] No []

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The following financial statements are integrally appended hereto and form part of this report:

Annex A - Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Annex B - Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Annex C - Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Annex D - Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis

A. Results of Operations and Changes in Financial Condition

The table below shows the consolidated results of operations of Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corporation ("AT" or "Atlas Mining" or the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six-month period ending 30 June 2024 versus the same period in 2023:

			%
(amounts in PHP millions)	30-June-2024	30-June-2023	Change
Consolidated net income/(loss)	2,071	803	158%
Consolidated income/(loss) from operations	2,702	1,348	100%
Consolidated gross revenues	12,475	10,127	23%
Consolidated net revenues	12,225	9,616	27%
Costs and operating expenses	9,524	8,268	15%
Net income/(loss) attributable to Equity holders of the parent	2,071	803	158%

Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corporation ("Atlas Mining") posted revenues of Php12.475 billion, a 23% growth from last year. Net income ended at Php2.071 billion for the first half of 2024.

Copper metal price stood at \$4.13/lb in the first half of 2024, higher by 5% from last year of \$3.95/lb. Also, gold price had increased to USD 2,216/ounce from USD 1,937/ounce in the same period of 2023.

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) was Php5.288 billion for the first half of 2024 compared to Php3.608 billion in the same period of 2023.

Equity in net income (loss) of associates, this represents the Parent Company's share in the results of operations of Berong Nickel Corporation (BNC), Php18.9 million net loss as of second quarter of 2024 as compared to PHP14.3 million net loss in the same period last year.

Finance charges (2% of net revenues) decreased by 10% due to lower amortization of debt issue cost.

USD:PHP Exchange rate closed at USD1.00:PHP58.61 as at 30 June 2024 versus USD1.00:PHP55.37 as at 31 December 2023. This triggered the recognition of *Foreign exchange loss-net* of PHP277 million primarily from the restatement of receivables, loans, and other payables.

Mark to market gain/(loss) on derivatives-net, this represents accounting valuation of copper price hedges.

Interest Income of PHP51 million accounts for the interest earned on cash in bank and time deposits.

Other income (charges)-net of PHP119.2 million includes sales of scrap materials net of bank and other charges.

Provision for Income Tax for the period of PHP374 million was based on the 25% regular corporate income tax. *Deferred Income Tax* of PHP191 million resulted mainly from future tax provision impact of unrealized forex gains/loss on foreign currency denominated accounts.

Changes in Financial Condition

The succeeding discussions pertain to the consolidated financial condition of the Group as of 30 June 2024 vis-à-vis that as of 31 December 2023 as follows:

The increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents arose mainly from payments to taxes and suppliers and placed in time deposit accounts with various maturity periods reckoned from the date of placement. Short-term investments increased to Php2.7 billion due to additional placed investments as of the second quarter of 2024. Receivable-net of Php1.297 billion consists mostly of trade receivables arising from its shipments of copper concentrate containing copper and gold. Inventories consists of mine products which include copper concentrate containing copper and gold, and materials and supplies which consists of consumable items and spare parts. Prepayments and other current assets of Php735 million, increased by 2% mostly consists of investment in pooled funds, deposits and advances to suppliers, creditable withholding taxes, and prepaid insurance.

Movement in *Intangible assets* of PHP177 million pertains to depletion of mining rights. *Property, plant* and equipment-net composed of mine development costs, machineries and equipment used in operations. Deferred tax assets pertain to unrealized foreign exchange losses, provision for impairment and liability for Mine rehabilitation. *Other noncurrent assets* increased by 41%, consist significantly of input VAT from importations, deposit to suppliers for PPE items and other statutory funding requirements.

Investment in Associate, pertains to AT's ownership over BNC, TMMI, URHI, UNC and NRHI (the "Nickel Corporations"), increased by 32% or PHP4.6 million representing its share in the net loss in Nickel Corporation's operations.

Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities increased by Php754 million mainly on trade payables which include import and local purchases of equipment, inventories and various parts and supplies used in the operations, interest payable from accrued interest on bank loans and long-term debt and other interest-bearing, and government payables. Income tax payable of Php196 million pertains to the regular corporate income tax for the second quarter of 2024. Leased Liability pertains to the lease contracts recognized for office space.

Long-term debt (20% of total assets) decreased by 6% due to amortization of debt issue cost. Retirement benefits liability pertains to provision of pension cost. Liability for mine rehabilitation composed of accretion of asset retirement obligation. Deferred income tax liabilities consist of the tax impact of temporary differences which are not taxable in the current year.

Movement in *Retained Earnings* of PHP2.071 billion accounts for the net income for the period ended 30 June 2024. *Foreign currency translation reserve* relates to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates

Material Plans, Trends, Events or Uncertainties

 During the period, CCC was able to pay down its obligations amounting to \$15 million in 2023 and no payments for 2024.

Key Performance Indicators

The key performance indicators of the Group are shown below:

	30-Jun-2024	31-Dec-2023
Current/Liquidity Ratio		
Current Ratio	0.87:1	0.61:1
Solvency Ratios		
Debt-to-Equity	0.56:1	0.55:1
Debt-to-Assets	0.33:1	0.34:1
Asset-to-Equity	1.69:1	1.64:1
Interest Rate Coverage	8.48:1	3.72:1
Profitability Ratios		
Return on Equity	4.87%	2.75%
Return on Sales	16.94%	5.92%
Return on Assets (Fixed Assets)	5.90%	3.23%

a. Current Ratio <u>Current Assets</u> Current Liabilities

b. Debt-to-Equity <u>Total Liabilities</u>

Total Stockholders' Equity Attributable to

Equity Holders of Parent Company

c. Debt-to-Assets <u>Total Liabilities</u> Total Assets

d. Asset-to-Equity <u>Total Assets</u>

Total Stockholders' Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent Company

e. Interest Rate Coverage <u>Earnings Before Income Tax</u>

Interest Expense

f. Return on Equity Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent

Company as of the Quarter

Average Total Stockholders' Equity Attributable to

Equity Holders of Parent Company

g. Return on Sales <u>Consolidated Net Income as of the Quarter</u>

Total Consolidated Net Revenues as of the Quarter

h. Return on Assets Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent

(Fixed Assets) Average Fixed Assets-Net

B. Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Group's consolidated cash flow as of 30 June 2024 is summarized below:

(in PhP millions)	Amount
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	2,913
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(4,094)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	5
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	1,336

The Group is not required to present a segment report.

Except as already reported herein, there is no material event occurring subsequent to the close of the first half of 2024 that should be disclosed in this report.

The Group has no significant seasonality or cyclicality in its business operations that will have a material effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

The Group is not aware of (i) any uncertainties, trends, events or seasonal aspects that will significantly influence its liquidity or financial condition or the results of its operations; (ii) any high-probability event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Group; or (iii) any material off-balance sheet transactions that occurred as of the second guarter of the year.

C. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's main financial instruments are cash, short-term investments, investment in pooled funds, quoted equity instrument, investment in unit investment trust fund and refundable deposits under other noncurrent assets, bank loans, long-term debts and other interest-bearing liabilities, and derivatives. It has various other financial assets and liabilities such as receivables, and accounts payable, contract liabilities and accrued liabilities, which mainly arise from the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The BOD reviews and adopts relevant policies for managing each of these risks and these are summarized onto the succeeding paragraphs (All figures are in PHP thousands):

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, equity prices and other market changes.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group has foreign currency risk arising from its cash in banks, short-term investments, receivables, bank loans, accounts payable, contract liabilities and accrued liabilities except, long-term debt and derivatives. To mitigate the risk of incurring foreign exchange losses, foreign currency holdings are matched against the potential need for foreign currency in financing equity investments and new projects. The Group also uses foreign currency forwards to hedge its risk exposures.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities are as follows:

		30-June-2024 (Unaudited)			31-Dec-20	23 (Audited)
		Original	Peso	•	Original	Peso
		Currency	Equivalent		Currency	Equivalent
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash in banks	USD	577	33,829	USD	2,899	160,542
	JPY	10,190	3,693	JPY	326	128
	GBP	131	9,651	GBP	131	9,255
Short-term investments	USD	0	0	USD		
Receivables	USD	48,231	2,826,822	USD	7,030	389,232
	JPY	0	0	USD	27,004	1,495,208
	USD	48,808	2,860,651	USD	36,933	2,044,982
	GBP	131	9,651	GBP	131	9,255
	JPY	10,190	3,693	JPY	326	128

<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses	USD	34,262	2,008,088	USD	22,921	1,269,155
	AUD	80	3,097	AUD	365	13,855
	EUR	0	0	JPY	227,195	89,288
	JPY	141,995	51,465	EUR	0	0
Long-term debt	USD	297,400	17,430,614	USD	296,696	16,428,061
Bank Loans	USD	0	0	USD	0	0
	USD	331,662	19,438,702	USD	319,617	17,697,216
	JPY	141,995	51,465	JPY	227,195	89,288
	AUD	80	3,097	AUD	365	13,855
	EUR	0	0	EUR	0	0
Net liabilities	USD	282,854	16,578,051	USD	(282,684)	(15,652,234)
Net assets	GBP	131	9,651	GBP	131	9,255
Net liabilities	AUD	80	3,097	AUD	(365)	(13,855)
Net assets	JPY	131,805	47,772	JPY	(226,869)	(89,160)
Net liabilities	EUR	0	0	EUR	0	0

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, foreign exchange closing rates used in converting foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities are as follows:

Currency	30-Jun-24	31-Dec-23
US\$	58.61	55.37
AU\$	38.8966	37.5459
JP¥	0.36244	0.39104
EU€	62.4743	60.8878
GB£	73.7461	70.2331

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Commodity Price Risk

The Group's copper concentrate revenues are based on international commodity quotations (i.e., primarily on the LME) over which the Group has no significant influence or control.

This exposes the Group's results of operations to commodity price volatilities that may significantly impact its cash inflows. The Group enters into derivative transactions as a means to mitigate the risk of fluctuations in the market prices of its mine products. An analysis is made based on the assumption that copper prices move using the implied volatility based on one-year historical LME copper prices, with all other variables held constant.

Shown below is the Group's sensitivity to changes in the copper prices arising from its copper derivatives and trade receivables (subject to provisional pricing) in June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 as follows:

30-Jun-24					
Change in Copper Prices	Effect on Income before Income Tax				
Increase by 3%	PHP 355,679				
Decrease by 3%	PHP (355,679)				

31-Dec-23					
Change in Copper Prices	Effect on Income before Income Tax				
Increase by 3%	PHP 347,331				
Decrease by 3%	PHP(356,881)				

The rate used for the sensitivity analysis of changes in copper prices is still the same as last year at 3% to reflect the actual monthly changes in copper prices to represent a more accurate sensitivity analysis on the commodity price risk.

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Group is exposed to equity price risk because of its investment in shares of stock of an entity listed in the local stock exchange, and its investment in unit investment trust fund, which are classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. Management believes that the fluctuation in the fair value of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss and investment in pooled funds will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements, and as such, did not present a sensitivity analysis.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Cash in banks and short-term investments

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group in accordance with its policies. Credit risk is mitigated by the short-term and/or liquid nature of its cash investments placed with approved financial institutions of high credit standing. The expected credit loss on the Group's cash in banks and short-term investments is calculated using the general approach.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the Group's policy, procedures, and control relating to customer credit risk management. The Group trades only with recognized creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures, short-term liquidity and financial position. In addition, outstanding trade receivable balances are regularly monitored on an ongoing basis, with the result that the Group's exposure to credit-impaired balances and bad debts is not significant. The Group's trade receivables are not subject to the recognition of expected credit loss since these are measured at fair value through profit or loss. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Group only had one customer that accounted for all trade receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at the reporting date is also the carrying value. The Group does not hold collateral as security.

Other financial assets

With respect to credit risk arising from the other financial assets of the Group, which comprise investment in pooled funds, quoted equity instrument, and investment in unit investment trust fund and refundable deposits under other noncurrent assets, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The Group limits its counterparty credit risk on these assets by dealing only with financial institutions with high credit ratings. The expected credit loss on the other financial assets of the Group measured at amortized cost is computed using the general approach.

	30-Jun-24	31-Dec-23
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in banks	3,034,269	354,884
Cash Equivalents	0	1,344,165
Receivables		
Trade	1,212,472	389,232
Nontrade	59,979	42,911
Interest	7860	847
Advances to		
Related parties	17,830	17,830
Advances to Officers and employees	3,608	4,012
Other current asset		
Investment in pooled funds	333,364	345,051
Other noncurrent assets		
Investment in unit investment trust fund	34,951	32,571
Refundable security deposits	3,408	3,214
	4,707,741	2,534,717

Credit quality per class of financial assets

The credit quality by class of asset for the Group's financial assets as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 based on credit rating system follows:

30 June 2024 (Unaudited)

	Neither Past	Past Due		
	due nor impaired	But Not		
	High Grade	Impaired	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash in banks	3,034,269			3,034,269
Cash Equivalents	0			0
Receivables				
Trade	1,212,472			1,212,472
Nontrade		55,300	4,679	59,979
Interest	7860			7860
Advances to				
Related parties		17,830		17,830
Officers and employees		3,608		3,608
Other current asset				
Investment in pooled funds	333,364			333,364
Other noncurrent assets				
Investment in unit investment	34,951			34,951
trust fund	34,931			34,931
Refundable security deposits	3,408			3,408
_	4,626,324	76,738	4,679	4,707,741

31 December 2023 (Audited)

	Neither Past	Past Due But Not		
	due nor impaired		lucus atua d	Tatal
	High Grade	Impaired	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash in banks	354,884			354,884
Cash Equivalents	1,344,165			1,344,165
Receivables				0
Trade	389,232			389,232
Nontrade		38,232	4,679	42,911
Interest	847			847
Advances to				0
Related parties		17,830		17,830
Officers and employees		4,012		4,012
Other current asset				0
Investment in pooled funds	345,051			345,051
Other noncurrent assets				0
Investment in unit investment	32,571			32,571
trust fund	52,57 1			32,371
Refundable security deposits	3,214			3,214
	2,469,964	60,074	4,679	2,534,717

The credit quality of the financial assets was determined as follows:

- Cash in banks, short-term investments and related interest receivables are assessed as highgrade since these are deposited in reputable banks, which have a low probability of insolvency.
- Trade receivables, which pertain mainly to receivables from sale of copper concentrate, are assessed as high-grade. These are assessed based on past collection experience of full settlement within two months after invoice date with no history of default.
- Nontrade receivables, which mainly pertain to receivables from the settlement of commodity swap transactions, and other billings not related to main operations, consist of past due but not impaired and impaired accounts.
- Advances to related parties are assessed as past due but not impaired since the Group still
 expects to collect the balance from its related parties.
- Advances to officers and employees, which pertain mainly to advances subject to payroll deduction, consist of both past due but not impaired, and impaired accounts.
- Investment in pooled funds is assessed as high grade since this is investment in a diversified market which have low probability of insolvency.
- Investment in unit investment trust fund is assessed as high grade since this is deposited in a reputable bank.
- Refundable deposits are assessed as high grade since these are still expected to be received after the completion/performance of the Group's contracts with various counterparties.

Interest Rate Risk

Management assessed that the Group is not exposed to interest rate fluctuations because the interest rates of bank loans, long-term debts and other interest-bearing liabilities are fixed.

Concentration of Risk

In 2024 and 2023, the Group's copper productions were sold to one customer. However, it has no significant concentration of credit risk since it can sell its copper concentrate to other third-party customers. The Company continuously monitors the receivable of one customer resulting from the valuation of the provisionally-priced shipments at year end.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk where the Group becomes unable to meet its payment obligations when it falls due under normal and stress circumstances. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans. The Group also manages its liquidity

risk on a consolidated basis based on business needs, tax, capital or regulatory considerations, if applicable, through numerous sources of finance in order to maintain flexibility.

The tables below of the Group, as well as financial assets considered by management as part of its liquidity risk management based on remaining undiscounted contractual obligations as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 follow:

The aging analyses and maturity profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are as follow:

30 June 2024 (Unaudited)

oo Julie 2024 (Ollaudited)		Within	1 to < 3		
	On demand	one year	years	> 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash in banks	3,034,269				3,034,269
Cash on hand	6,324				6,324
Cash Equivalents	_				_
Trade		1,212,472			1,212,472
Nontrade	59,979	, ,			59,979
Interest		7,860			7,860
Advances to					1,222
Related parties	17,830				17,830
Officers and employees	3,608				3,608
Other current asset					·
Investment in pooled funds		333,364			333,364
Other noncurrent assets Investment in unit investment tr	ust fund			34,951	34,951
Refundable security				3,408	0 1,00 1
deposits				·	3,408
	3,122,010	1,553,696	-	38,359	4,714,065
Financial liabilities:					
Accounts payable					
and accrued liabilities**		4,037,749			4,037,749
Bank loans		-			_
Other current liability		_			_
Long-term debt and other		-			-
interest-bearing liabilities		2,530,800	14,159,908	-	16,690,708
Lease Liability		1,667	3,342		5,010
	_	6,570,216	14,163,250	-	20,733,467
	3,122,010	(5,016,520)	(14,163,250)	38,359	(16,019,402)

^{**} Excluding Government Payables

31 December 2023 (Audited)

		Within	1 to < 3		
	On demand	one year	years	> 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash in banks	354,884				354,884
Cash on hand	5,068				5,068
Cash Equivalents		1,344,165			1,344,165
Receivables					
Trade		389,232			389,232
Nontrade	42,911				42,911
Interest		847			847
Advances to					
Related parties	17,830				17,830
Officers and employees	4,012				4,012
Other current asset					
Investment in pooled funds		345,051			345,051
Quoted equity instrument					
Other noncurrent assets					
Investment in unit investment trust				32,571	
fund				,	32,571
Refundable security deposits				3,214	3,214
	424,705	2,079,295	-	35,785	2,539,785
Financial liabilities:					
Accounts payable					
and accrued liabilities**		3,310,180			3,310,180
Long-term debt and other					
interest-bearing liabilities		2,491,650	13,936,411		16,428,061
Derivative liability		-			-
Lease Liability		2,818	3,974		6,792
	-	5,804,648	13,940,385	-	19,745,033
	424,705	(3,725,353)	(13,940,385)	35,785	(17,205,248)

Fair Value of Financial instruments

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's financial instruments other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	Carrying V	/alues	Fair Values		
	30-Jun-24	31-Dec-23	30-Jun-24	31-Dec-23	
Financial Liabilities					
Long-term debt and					
other interest-bearing liabilities:					
CBC-1	9,341,764	8,820,774	9,341,764	8,764,545	
CBC-2	1,742,773	1,645,404	1,742,773	1,637,659	
BDO-1	3,391,306	3,202,020	3,391,306	3,187,389	
BDO-2	2,923,390	2,759,862	2,923,390	2,747,782	
	17,399,233	16,428,060	17,399,233	16,337,375	

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash in Banks, Short-term Investments and Receivables

The carrying amounts of cash in banks, short-term investments and interest receivables approximate their fair value due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

Trade receivables are measured at fair value. Subsequent movements on provisionally priced trade receivables are being recognized in fair value gain/loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The fair value of provisionally priced trade receivables is determined by obtaining future prices of copper and gold and applying the projected prices to the outstanding trade receivables.

Investment in Pooled funds

The fair value of investment in pooled funds is determined by referencing the fund's portfolio with the fair value of other similar funds.

Equity Instrument

The fair value of quoted equity instrument is determined by reference to market bid quotes at the end of the reporting period and is carried at fair value.

Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund

The fair value of the investment in unit investment trust fund is determined by the movements of its net asset value per unit, which is computed as the total market value of the assets, less fees, taxes, and other qualified expenses divided by total outstanding units.

Accounts Payable, Contract Liability and Accrued Liabilities except Government Payables, Bank Loans and Other Current Liability

The carrying amounts of accounts payable, contract liabilities and accrued liabilities excluding government payables, other current liability and bank loans approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

Long-term Debts and Other Interest-bearing Liabilities

Fair value of long-term debt and other interest-bearing liabilities is estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the benchmark risk-free rates for similar types of long-term debt and other interest-bearing liabilities.

The fair value hierarchy of the financial assets and liabilities is presented in the following table:

30 June 2024 (Unaudited)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value:				
Trade receivables		1,212,472		1,212,472
Investment in pooled funds	333,364			333,364
Investment in unit investment trust fund	34,951			34,951
Total	368,315	1,212,472	0	1,580,787
Liability for which fair values are disclosed:			_	
Long-term debt and other interest- bearing liabilities			(17,399,232)	(17,399,232)
Total	-		(17,399,232)	(17,399,232)

31 December 2023 (Audited)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value:				
Trade receivables		389,232		389,232
Investment in pooled funds Investment in unit investment	345,051			345,051
trust fund	32,571			32,571
Total	377,622	389,232	-	766,854
Liability for which fair values	=	=	=	
are disclosed:				
Long-term debt and other interest-liabilities	bearing		(16,467,038)	(16,467,038)
Total	-	-	(16,467,038)	(16,467,038)

There were no transfers between levels of fair value measurement as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

D. Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for parcels of land, which are carried at revalued amounts, trade receivables, derivatives, investment in pooled funds, quoted equity instrument, and investment in unit investment trust fund which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is the presentation currency of the Group under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). Based on the economic substance of the underlying circumstances relevant to Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corporation and Subsidiaries (collectively, the Group), the functional currencies of the Parent Company and its associates and subsidiaries is the Philippine Peso, except for CCC whose functional currency is the United States Dollar (US\$). All values are rounded to the nearest thousands (P=000), except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with PFRSs.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and

The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group losses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Parent Company. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies. All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets, liabilities and other components of equity while any gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Any investment retained is recognized at fair value.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same accounting period as the Parent Company using uniform accounting policies.

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2022. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2'gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or Philippine-IFRIC 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group adopted the amendments beginning January 1, 2022.

• Amendments to PAS 16, *Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use* The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendments did not impact the consolidated financial statements because the Group has no mining projects which are currently under the development phase and are producing incidental mineral ores.

Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle
- Amendments to PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter
 - The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.
- Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
 - The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.
- Amendments to PAS 41, Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements
 - The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

Standard Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt the following pronouncements when these become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

• Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance. Meanwhile, the amendments to PAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early application is permitted as long as this fact is disclosed. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

An entity applies the amendments to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after January 1, 2023 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

 Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

An entity applies the amendments to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented for annual reporting periods on or after January 1, 2023.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1. Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current.
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right.
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively.

• Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments specify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Earlier adoption is permitted and that fact must be disclosed.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

On December 15, 2021, the FRSC amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity

 Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 30 June 2024

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Number of Shares)

	Unaudited	Audited
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,040,593	1,704,117
Receivable - net	1,297,070	450,152
Inventories - net	1,133,127	1,011,040
Prepayments and other current assets	734,793	718,034
Total Current Assets	6,205,583	3,883,344
Noncurrent Assets		
Intangible assets, net	25,515,687	25,692,328
Property, plant and equipment - net	35,927,095	34,263,361
Deferred tax assets	935,174	740,344
Deferred mine exploration costs	185,977	192,403
Other noncurrent assets	4,449,918	3,159,675
Investment in associate	278,374	297,302
Total Noncurrent Assets	67,292,226	64,345,413
TOTAL ASSETS	73,497,809	68,228,757
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,257,082	3,503,067
Current portion of long-term debt	2,637,450	2,491,650
Income tax payable Lease Liability- Current	196,275 1,667	335,867 2,818
Total Current Liabilities	7,092,474	6,333,404
Noncurrent Liabilities	7,092,474	0,333,404
	14 761 702	12.026.411
Long-term debt – net of current portion	14,761,782	13,936,411
Retirement benefits liability	586,787	530,440
Liability for mine rehabilitation	75,850	70,979
Lease Liability- Non Current	3,342	3,342
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,967,331	2,011,494
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,395,093	16,552,666
Total Liabilities	24,487,567	22,886,070

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS OF 30 June 2024

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Number of Shares)

Stockholders' Equity		
Capital stock	3,559,533	3,559,533
Additional paid in capital	19,650,936	19,650,936
Subscription Receivable	(4,841,801)	(4,841,801)
Revaluation increment in land	963,460	963,460
Remeasurement gain on retirement	187,732	135,989
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,414,773	3,869,999
Retained earnings	24,098,876	22,027,840
Attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	49,033,509	45,365,955
Minority interests		
Treasury Shares	(23,267)	(23,267)
Total Stockholders' Equity	49,010,242	45,342,689
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	73,497,809	68,228,757
BOOK VALUE PER SHARE	14.52	13.42

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 2024 AND 2023

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Loss per Share)

	For the Three N	Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended			
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH						
CUSTOMERS						
Copper concentrate	6,865,316	4,928,185	12,225,245	9,615,854		
COSTS AND EXPENSES – NET						
Mining and milling costs	4,180,978	3,517,521	7,995,997	7,092,984		
General and administrative expenses	502,684	353,122	871,111	649,715		
Mine products taxes	265,486	203,389	479,972	385,921		
Depletion of mining rights	88,762	67,732	176,640	139,639		
Others – net	(26,933)	(34,541)	(115,365)	(91,945)		
	5,010,977	4,107,223	9,408,355	8,176,315		
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)						
Fair value gain (loss) on derivatives – net	15,151	(467)	15,151	(62,805		
Finance charges	(152,997)	(158,516)	(301,383)	(335,119		
Foreign exchange gains (losses) – net	(209,988)	(46,051)	(277,984)	86,511		
Share in net income of associates	(14,991)	(4,817)	(18,928)	(14,310)		
Fair value gain (loss) on provisionally priced	(491)	(304)	(30,699)	(40,902		
receivables – net						
Interest income	27,483	2,296	50,908	5,880		
	(335,833)	(207,859)	(562,934)	(360,745)		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,518,506	613,103	2,253,956	1,078,795		
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	(10,557)	(74,742)	(182,919)	(276,247)		
NET INCOME	1,507,949	538,361	2,071,037	802,548		
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE						
· · ·	0.422072	0.151220	0.5022	0.335500		
Basic earnings (loss) per share Diluted earnings (loss) per share	0.423873 0.423873	0.151329 0.151329	0.5822	0.225590 0.225590		
Diluteu earnings (1055) per silare	0.423073	0.131329	0.5822	0.223390		
*Based on weighted average						
number of common shares outstanding	3,557,553	3,557,553	3,557,553	3,557,553		

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Par Value Per Share)

		Additional		Revaluation	Remeasurement	Cumulative			Treasury shares	
	Capital	Paid -in	Subscription	Increment	gain (loss) on	Translation	Retained	Total	held by a	Total
	Stock	Capital	Receivable	on Land	Retirement Plan	Adjustments	Earnings		Subsidiary	
Balance at January 1, 2023	3,559,533	19,650,936	(4,841,801)	320,217	188,209	4,046,780	20,910,284	43,834,157	(23,267)	43,810,890
Net Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	802,548	802,548	-	802,548
Cumulative translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(248,712)	-	(248,712)	-	(248,712)
Balance at June 30, 2023	3,559,533	19,650,936	(4,841,801)	320,217	188,209	3,798,068	21,712,832	44,387,992	(23,267)	44,364,725
Balance at January 1, 2024	3,559,533	19,650,936	s(4,841,801)	963,460	135,989	3,869,999	22,027,840	45,365,955	(23,267)	45,342,689
Net Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,071,037	2,071,037	-	2,071,037
Cumulative translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	51,743	1,544,774	-	1,596,517	-	1,596,517
Balance at June 30, 2024	3,559,533	19,650,936	(4,841,801)	963,460	187,732	5,414,773	24,098,877	49,033,509	(23,267)	49,010,243

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 2024 AND 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income before income tax Adjustments for:	For the Thi End 30 June 2024		30 June 2024	30 June
Income before income tax Adjustments for:				
Income before income tax Adjustments for:			2024	2023
Adjustments for:				
-	1,518,506	613,103	2,253,956	1,078,795
Depreciation and depletion	1,340,489	1,128,411	2,605,695	2,274,881
Finance charges	152,997	158,516	301,383	335,119
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains) - net	210,162	46,605	281,689	(85,957
Share in net income from associates Fair value loss (gain) on provisionally priced sales	14,991	4,817	18,928	14,310
(Note 6)	491	304	30,699	40,902
Unrealized losses (gains) on AFS	35,935	18,026	108,090	10,509
Interest income	(27,483)	(2,296)	(50,908)	(5,880
Marked to market gains (losses)-unrealized	(3,475)	(3,619)	(7,145)	(6,849
Operating income before working capital changes	3,242,612	1,963,867	5,542,386	3,655,830
Provision for mine rehabilitation	3,629	976	4,871	(645
Decrease (increase) in:	(4.040.574)	(400.040)	(4.405.007)	(455 505
Receivable - net	(1,019,571)	(102,842)	(1,185,297)	(157,705
Inventories - net	(155,791)	(61,102)	(122,551)	41,32
Prepayments and other current assets	(138,732)	158,374	(25,862)	(101,460
Other Non-Current Assets	(1,012,339)	(257,293)	(1,685,079)	(763,756
Increase (decrease) in:	4 000 444	(0.17.07.1)	4 000 550	100.10
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,226,441	(217,651)	1,303,550	163,18
Derivative liabilities	0	0	0	148,80
Deferred tax liabilities	(22,192)	(16,951)	(44,163)	(35,275
Cash from operations	2,124,058	1,467,378	3,787,855	2,950,298
Interest paid	(147,876)	(104,476)	(301,319)	(340,145
Income taxes paid	(520,108)	(425,175)	(617,223)	(473,721
Interest received Net cash provided by (used in) operating	26,128	1,895	43,283	5,23
activities	1,482,203	939,622	2,912,597	2,141,66
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease (increase) in:				
Short-term investments	0	(282,019)	0	(275,485
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(3,012,940)	(1,382,775)	(4,093,575)	(1,381,372
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,012,940)	(1,664,794)	(4,093,575)	(1,656,858
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Loans proceeds (payment)	4,293	3,245	5,286	(778,881
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,293	3,245	5,286	(778,881
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	1,890,865	627,921	2,512,169	(424,865

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	364,422	(94,005)	1,336,476	(718,938)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	1,704,117	947,157	1,704,117	947,157
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE 2024	2.068.539	853.151	3.040.593	228.218

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED AGING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2024

(Pesos in Thousands)

Type of Accounts Receivable	Total	Current	31 - 90 Days	91 - 120 Days	Over 121 Days
Trade Receivable					
Various trade receivable	1,212,472	1,212,472			
Non-Trade Receivables					
Deposits and advances Scrap					
With court cases					0
Others	65,608	56,148	2,026	2,239	5,195
Others -RPT	7,586,505	0	0	0	7,586,505
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	0				0
Accounts Receivable - Net	8,864,584	1,268,620	2,026	2,239	7,591,699
Type of Receivable	Nature/Description of Receivable				Collection Period
Various trade receivable Deposits & Advances Scrap With Court Cases	Sale of copper concentrates, gold, magnetite, and nickel Deposits on rentals Sale of excess and scrap materials Various claims				
Others Normal Operating Cycle	Non-trade receivables, advances to employees and others Calendar year				

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

None

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ATLAS CONSOLIDATED MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Issuer

ADRIAN PAULINO S. RAMOS

President

RODYARDO B. RAÑADA

Vice President/Chief Finance Officer

Signed this 13th day of August 2024